Homework 5: Binary Search Trees

COS 226 – Spring 2024

Assigned: 17 March 2024 Due: 01 April 2024

Do each of the parts below. Turn in a ZIP file containing:

- The Python code file(s) from homework 5.
- A file BST.py that contains your binary search tree implementation (see below).
- A file AVL.py that contains your AVL tree implementation (see below)
- A file tests.txt or tests.pdf that show tests of your code.
- Any input files you used to test your code

If you were unable to get your code working for homework 5, let me know *soon* so I can give you something to work with!

Note that you only have two weeks to get this done.

1. Using your tree implementations for homework 4, create a new class, BST, that implements a simple, non-balancing binary search tree.

I should be able to take your BST.py file and load it by this line from the directory in which I unzip your files:

```
from BST import *
```

I should then be able to create it using something like:

```
b = BST([1,10,20,50,2,3])
```

I should be able to search it via:

```
p = b.search(20)
```

and have it return a position representing where that element is. I should be able to get list of the elements in order by:

```
b.list()
```

and insert with:

```
p = b.insert(-35) # where p is a position
```

and delete with:

b.delete(20)

Your position class needs to support at least these methods, if p is a position:

```
p.value()  # returns value of corresponding node
p.next()  # returns successor of node
p.prev()  # returns predecessor of node
```

Your tree should provide a method:

```
b.display()
```

That will display the tree in a manner that shows its structure.

2. Using your implementation of the BST class from (1), implement a new class, AVL, that implements AVL trees. The same methods as above for BST should exist for AVL.

We will likely run your code with a program using the above methods. However, you *must* also show me your code running (in text file tests.txt or PDF file tests.pdf mentioned above).